

Recombinant Murine Fibroblast Growth Factor-7

(rmFGF-7)

Catalog Number: 124-07

Description Fibroblast Growth Factor 7 (FGF-7) is one of the 23 known members of the FGF family. All

FGFs have two conserved cysteine residues and share 30 - 50% sequence identity at the amino acid level. Proteins of this family play a central role during prenatal development and postnatal growth and regeneration of variety of tissues, by promoting cellular proliferation and differentiation. FGF-7 is a mitogen factor specific for epithelial cells and keratinocytes and signals through FGF receptor 2b. FGF-7 is important in kidney and lung development,

angiogenesis, and wound healing.

Synonyms KGF, FGF7

AA Sequence MCNDMSPEQT ATSVNCSSPE RHTRSYDYME GGDIRVRRLF CRTQWYLRID

KRGKVKGTQE MKNSYNIMEI RTVAVGIVAI KGVESEYYLA MNKEGKLYAK KECNEDCNFK ELILENHYNT YASAKWTHSG GEMFVALNQK GIPVKGKKTK

KEQKTAHFLP MAIT

Source Escherichia coli

Molecular Weight Approximately 18.9 kDa, a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 164 amino

acids.

Purity >96% by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Biological Activity Fully biologically active. The ED₅₀ is < 10ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of 1×10^5

units/mg, as determined by proliferation of BaF3 cells expressing KGF receptors.

Physical Appearance White lyophilized powder.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2µm filtered solution in 20mM PB, pH 8.0, 1M NaCl.

Endotoxin < 1EU/μg of growth factor as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution Reconstitute in sterile distilled water containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0

mg/mL.

Storage Store at -20°C after receiving. Upon reconstitution, store at 2-8°C for up to one week. For

maximal stability, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze/ thaw cycles.

Usage This product is for research use only. It is not approved for use in humans, animals, or *in vitro*

diagnostic procedures.